Impact of Social Media on Stock Market - A Study on Odisha State

Samira Patra
Assistant Professor of Commerce, Rajdhani College, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India
https://orcid.org/0000-0002-1879-8933

Rabindra Mohapatra
Faculty of Commerce, Rajdhani College, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India

Sonali Pattanaik
Faculty of Commerce, Rajdhani College, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India

Abstract
In the current technological driven society, the role and impact of social media has versatile significant in different fields / sectors at gross in all over the world. The impact of social media on stock markets of India as well as world is one of these fields / sectors. The social media impact can be measured by no of persons using social media and how many of them are interested in stock market. The increase rate in use of internet leads the popularity of social media. Social Media is one of the important media which can connect the each and every people of India as well as whole World. Today stock market and the investors are not restricted to geographical boundaries of a country. Today, we can say the whole world is market as well as a stock market. It is only possible for the development of technology and use of technology by the most of the people of the world. A lot study has been undertaken by various researchers, academician, and scholars on the impact of social media on stock market in India as well as the whole World. But, no remarkable study has been undertaken on the impact of social media on stock market of Odisha. So, this is an attempt to study impact of social media on stock market of India and potential investors of Odisha. The present study based on both primary and secondary data. The primary data has been collected through a well-defined questionnaire which is designed for this specific purpose. The secondary data have collected through a well-designed strategy, and these have been collected from various e-journals, e-magazines, e-annual reports of companies, and various reputed websites. There are various statistical tools, i.e., percentage calculations; correlation, and chi-square test have used for analysis and interpretation of results. The present study concluded that the social media has vital role and impact on stock market. The social media is also helping stock market and investors in their trading in the current market scenario.

Keywords: Social Media, Stock Market, Internet, Technology, Potential Investors.
JEL Classification:E3, G02, G12, G14, R1.

Introduction
With the rapid development of social networks and the emergence of Internet finance, investors are paying more attention to social media platforms. Financial social platforms have become an effective channel for investors to interact with others and gain insights into financial market trends. The massive amounts of social media data available today can confer huge commercial and academic value.

Social media helped in two ways to level the playing field for the household investors. The first is through expedited news transmission with the popularity of Internet platforms like Facebook, Twitter in the western hemisphere and Weixin, Weibo in China. These availed household investors to financial information that was previously available only through dedicated financial channels. The second is through peer to peer social investing platforms that seek to disrupt the investment landscape by improving financial literacy.
Social media is the new communal gathering place for many Americans and others around the globe. Users rely on social media avenues to receive and share information about their communities, businesses, stock market, politics, lifestyles, and for pure entertainment. For example, the 2016 presidential election flooded Twitter, Facebook and Instagram. In fact, former President Barack Obama and President Donald Trump have used these social media outlets, particularly Twitter, to share updates on policies and upcoming events in the country. According to Pew Research Center, nearly two-thirds (65%) of American adults now use social networking sites (Perrin, 2015).

With social media being prevalent amongst the younger generation, stock market has refocused their organizational structure specifically on investing through social media. Social media websites and blogs reach about 80% of all Internet users in the United States (Emow, 2012). Social media websites and blogs reach about 60% of all Internet users in the India (Statista.com, Jun-2021). The user of social media in India will be cross about 70% by 2025 in India.

Social media has impacted the world extensively. It has reduced the communication barriers to a great extent. It represents a piece of information technology that can affect business both outside and inside a firm. Today, Facebook’s daily number of active users is an incredible 1.3 billion worldwide. Social media is revolutionizing today’s world.

**Review of Literature**

An exclusive and extensive review of literature has been undertaken for the purpose of the study. Few of them have been portrayed as below:

Nofer, M (2014) in the dissertation entitled “The Value of Social Media for Predicting Stock Returns – Preconditions, Instruments and Performance Analysis” studied the value of social media for predicting stock returns with subject conditions regarding preconditions, instruments and performance analysis. Nofer concluded that the diversity opens possibilities for gaining access to different sources of knowledge and information, which fosters problem solving and overall performance. Further, differences in preferences or opinions among crowd members (e.g., caused by gender differences) ensure that collective errors will be reduced and estimates converge to the correct values.

Jiao, P., Veiga, A. and Walther, A. (2016), in their paper “Social media, news media and the stock market” studied the impact of traditional news media and social media coverage on stock market volatility and trading volume. They concluded that the evidence on news media is inconsistent with a model in which some investors are overconfident when interpreting news. The evidence on social media is inconsistent with rational markets.

Kaushik, B., Hemani, H. and Vigneswara (2017), in their paper “Social media usage vs. stock prices: an analysis of Indian firms” studied in detail the way top traded firms of India use social media (SM) and how it influences their stock prices. The purpose of this paper is to observe whether there exists any relationship between the SM usage and the company’s stock price. They concluded that with an assertion about the extent to which a firm should give importance to investing money in SM adoption strategies, SM marketing strategies, SM customer care strategies and so on.

Xianjiao, Xiaolin, and et el. (2017) in their paper “The influence of social media on stock volatility” studied the influence of social media on stock volatility and builds a feature model within an intelligence algorithm using social media data from Xueqiu.com in China, Sina Finance and Economics, Sina Microblog, and Oriental Fortune. They concluded that the effect of social factors, such as increased attention to a stock’s volatility, is more significant than public sentiment. A prediction model is introduced based on social factors and public sentiment to predict stock volatility.

Gibson, Nya (2018), in the paper “An Analysis of the Impact of Social Media Marketing on Individuals’ Attitudes and Perceptions at NOVA Community College”, undertaken a study to provide an understanding of how consumers use social media as a communication platform and how businesses can use this understanding for effective social media marketing. Nya concluded that businesses that have a social media presence have the potential to essentially affect business revenue.
Eric, Tham (2018), in the paper “Social Media Impact on Household Investors and Their Stock Markets Participation”, studied the social media impact on household investors and their stock market participation. The report concluded that household participation in the stock markets depends on their trust on the social media but this is conditional on the prevailing economic fundamentals.

Daifeng, Yintian and et el. (2019) in their paper “Analyzing Stock Market Trends Using Social Media UserMoods and Social Influence” studied the stock market trends using social media user moods and social influence. They concluded that Correlations between social media and stock markets have been widely studied, but the factors behind the correlations are seldom considered, especially in the case of high-frequency time series, which are of considerable importance in the era of big data. Classic financial theory cannot explain the fluctuations that frequently occur in stock markets. By contrast, behavioral financial theory provides a new, psychological perspective on the mechanism of short-term rises and falls in the stock market by analyzing investors’ irrational behaviors.

Research Gap
Till now, a lot study has been undertaken by various researchers, academician, and scholars on the impact of social media on stock market in India as well as the whole World. But, no remarkable studies have been conducted on the impact of social media on stock market of Odisha. So, this is an attempt to study impact of social media on stock market of India and potential investors of Odisha.

Objectives of The Study
1. To study the impact of social media on stock market investors of Odisha.
2. To assess the impact of social media on stock market on the basis of investors of Odisha.

Research Methodology
1. Nature of Data: The study is based on primary and secondary data.
2. Sources of Data: The primary data have been collected through well design questionnaire and indirect interviews through google form designed for this purpose. The secondary data have collected through a well-designed strategy, and these have been collected from various e-journals, e-magazines, e-annual reports of companies, and various reputed websites.
3. Sample Size: The sample data consists of 100 respondents.
4. Period of Sample Collection: The sample data have been collected during March to June 2021 from Odisha State.
5. Tools of Analysis: There are various tools like percentage calculations; valid percentage calculation, chi-square test, and correlation have been used for analysis and interpretation of results.

Research Hypothesis
1. There is no significant relationship between the social media and investors of stock market.
2. There is a significant relationship between the impact of social media and the stock market.

Data Analysis and Interpretation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Profile</th>
<th>No. of Respondents</th>
<th>% to Total</th>
<th>Valid %</th>
<th>Test Statistics</th>
<th>Profile</th>
<th>No. of Respondents</th>
<th>% to Total</th>
<th>Valid %</th>
<th>Test Statistics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odisha</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>χ²=100</td>
<td>Male</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>P= 3.814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other states</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>df=1</td>
<td>Female</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>df=1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Education</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upto 25</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>χ²=33.26</td>
<td>Upto Matriculation</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26-40</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>P= 5.991</td>
<td>Matric to Secondary</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>P= 5.991</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Above 40</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>df=2</td>
<td>Above Secondary</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>df=2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

http://www.shanlaxjournals.com

45
Testing of Hypothesis

Hypothesis 1:

H0: There is no significant relationship between the social media and investors of stock market.

H1: There is a significant relationship between the social media and investors of stock market.

Table No. 2 Data for Hypothesis 1 arranged in 2×2 Contingency Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Situations</th>
<th>No of investors in stock market</th>
<th>No of investor other than stock market</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investors not using Social Media</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investors using Social Media</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The Source: Collected and compiled from field study)

The table no. 2 shows the collected hypothesis data arranged in 2×2 Contingency Table.

Table No. 3 Calculation of Expected Frequencies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>E</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The Source: Author’s Calculation on the basis of field study)

This table no. 3 shows the calculation of Expected Frequencies on the basis of Table No. 2.

Table No. 4 Computation of Chi-Square (χ²)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>E</th>
<th>O-E</th>
<th>(O-E)²</th>
<th>(O-E)²/E</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>-8</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>3.36842</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The Source: Author’s Calculation on the basis of field study)

The above table no 4 shows that the calculated value of χ² = 8.32 (approx), and the degree of freedom is given by

Degree of Freedom (d.f.) = (2-1)(2-1) = 1

Thus, with reference to the 1 degree of freedom at 5% level of significance, the critical value of the χ² is obtained at χ²0.05 = 3.841.

Decision

A comparison between the calculated value i.e. 8.32 and the critical value i.e. 3.841 of the χ² reveals that the calculated value of χ² is more than its critical value. Hence decision is that Reject H0 i.e. there is no significant relationship between the social media and investors of stock market and Accept H1 i.e. there is a significant relationship between the social media and investors of stock market. Thus, the research hypothesis concluded that there is a significant relationship between the social media and investors of stock market. So, it may concluded that social media has impact on the investors in stock market.

Hypothesis 2

H0: There is a significant relationship between the impact of social media and the stock market.

H1: There is no significant relationship between the impact of social media and the stock market.

Table No. 5 Data for Hypothesis 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Social Medias</th>
<th>Investors (%)</th>
<th>No of Social Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Facebook</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The table no. 5 shows the data collected and compiled from field study for Hypothesis 2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Social Media</th>
<th>Investors (%)</th>
<th>No of Social Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Facebook, Twitter</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facebook, Twitter, YouTube</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facebook, Twitter, YouTube, Instagram</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facebook, Twitter, YouTube, Instagram and other</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Source: Collected and compiled from field study)

The table no. 5 shows the data collected and compiled from field study for Hypothesis 2.

**Table No. 6 Computation of Correlation for Hypothesis 2**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Investors (%)</th>
<th>No of Social Media</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investors (%)</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No of Social Media</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Source: Author’s Calculation on the basis of field study)

The table no. 6 shows that the Correlation between No. of Investors (%) and No of Social Media is +1 which shows the perfect positive correlation.

**Decision on Hypothesis 2**

Hence the decision of 2nd research hypothesis is that Accept H0 i.e. there is a significant relationship between the impact of social media and the stock market and Reject H1 i.e. there is no significant relationship between the impact of social media and the stock market. Thus, the research hypothesis concluded that the social media significantly affect to the investors of stock market in study area.

**Key Findings**

- There is a significant relationship between the social media and investors of stock market.
- There is a significant relationship between the impact of social media and the stock market in the study area.

**Conclusions**

It can now be asserted that although Social Media has sometimes proven to be very crucial in the changes occurring to stock prices, the firms should not worry too much about how they are handling their Social Media accounts on Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn and YouTube. They should only carry out the mandatory practices, essential awareness and marketing schemes that nowadays every firm does. The probability is slight that the firm investing a large portion of its money into Social Media will get a spike in its stock prices because of its sole Social Media effort.

The social media has vital role and impact on stock market. The social media is also helping stock market and investors in their trading in the current market scenario.

**Limitation of The Study and Scope for Further Study**

1. The Study is based on data collected from 100 no of investors. The results of the study will more appropriate and accurate if the no of sample will be in increase number.
2. The present study is limited to limited area of Odisha State. If the locations of area geographically will be extending up to whole of the state, the result may be more accurate and appropriate.

**References**


Gibson, Nya. *An Analysis of the Impact of Social Media Marketing on Individuals’ Attitudes and Perceptions at NOVA Community College*. Old Dominion University, 2018.


**Author Details**

**Samira Patra**
*Assistant Professor of Commerce, Rajdhan College, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India,*

*Email ID: spandsp2010@gmail.com*

**Rabindra Mohapatra**
*Faculty of Commerce, Rajdhan College, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India.*

**Sonali Pattanaik**
*Faculty of Commerce, Rajdhan College, Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India.*