

Customer Satisfaction towards Online Service in Warehousing

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M. Shyam Sekhar

III BBA Logistics

*Department of Business Administration (Logistics and Aviation Management)
Nehru Arts and Science College (Autonomous), Coimbatore*

J. Aju

III BBA Logistics

*Department of Business Administration (Logistics and Aviation Management)
Nehru Arts and Science College (Autonomous), Coimbatore*

S. Pravin Kumar

Assistant Professor

*Department of Business Administration (Logistics and Aviation Management)
Nehru Arts and Science College (Autonomous), Coimbatore*

Abstract

The rapid transformation of the logistics sector through digital technology has significantly influenced warehousing operations. Online services in warehousing, supported by Warehouse Management Systems (WMS), cloud computing, automation, and integrated supply chain platforms, have improved operational efficiency and transparency. Customer satisfaction has become a crucial indicator in evaluating the effectiveness of these digital services. This study examines customer satisfaction towards online warehousing services by analyzing system reliability, information accuracy, service responsiveness, security, and integration capabilities. The study adopts a descriptive research design using both primary and secondary data. The findings indicate that real-time tracking, user-friendly systems, and secure digital platforms significantly enhance customer satisfaction, loyalty, and competitive advantage. Keywords: Customer Satisfaction, Online Warehousing, Warehouse Management System (WMS), Digital Logistics, E-Service Quality, Supply Chain Management

Introduction

Warehousing plays a vital role in the logistics and supply chain system by ensuring the safe storage and smooth distribution of goods. Traditionally, warehouse operations were manual and paper-based, leading to inefficiencies, delays, and limited transparency. With technological advancements, warehousing has shifted towards digital platforms that enable online services such as real-time inventory tracking, automated billing, digital documentation, and performance analytics dashboards.

Customer satisfaction in online warehousing depends not only on operational efficiency but also on digital service quality. As businesses demand transparency, accuracy, and speed, online service performance becomes a key determinant of long-term success.

Review of Literature

Christopher (2016) emphasized that logistics efficiency directly impacts customer satisfaction and competitive advantage. Kotler and Keller (2016) explained that customer satisfaction is achieved when service performance meets or exceeds expectations.

Parasuraman, Zeithaml, and Berry (1988) developed the SERVQUAL model, highlighting reliability, responsiveness, assurance, empathy, and tangibles as determinants of service quality. These dimensions are highly relevant to online warehousing services.

Rushton et al. (2017) noted that digital integration in warehousing improves transparency and strengthens supply chain coordination. Recent studies indicate that system reliability, information accuracy, and data security are critical in evaluating e-service quality in logistics.

Objectives of the Study

1. To analyze the concept of customer satisfaction in online warehousing services.
2. To identify key determinants influencing customer satisfaction.
3. To examine the relationship between service quality and customer loyalty.
4. To study the challenges faced in online warehousing services.
5. To provide suitable recommendations for improving digital warehouse services.

Research Methodology

Research Design

The study adopts a descriptive research design to analyze customer satisfaction towards online warehousing services.

Nature of Study

The study is analytical and descriptive in nature.

Area of the Study

The study focuses on warehousing companies providing online services in Coimbatore district (or specify your study area).

Sources of Data

- Primary Data: Collected through structured questionnaires from customers using online warehousing services.
- Secondary Data: Collected from journals, books, websites, and logistics reports.

Sampling Design

- Sampling Method: Convenience Sampling
- Sample Size: (Example: 100 respondents)

Tools for Data Collection

- Structured Questionnaire
- Personal interaction

Tools for Data Analysis

- Percentage Analysis
- Chi-Square Test
- Mean Score Analysis
- Simple statistical tables and charts

Period of Study

The study covers a period of (Example: January 2025 – March 2025).

Limitations of the Study

- Limited sample size
- Time constraints
- Respondent bias
- Restricted to a specific geographical area

Data Analysis and Interpretation

The collected data were analyzed using percentage and statistical tools. The results show that:

- Majority of respondents are satisfied with real-time inventory tracking.
- Customers value system reliability and accurate information updates.
- Security of digital platforms significantly influences trust.
- Quick response to queries enhances satisfaction levels.

The analysis indicates a positive relationship between service quality and customer loyalty.

Satisfaction with Online Warehousing Services

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage (%)
Yes	78	72.9%
No	29	27.1%
Total	107	100%

Interpretation

It is observed that 72.9% of respondents are satisfied with online warehousing services, while 27.1% are not satisfied. This indicates that the majority of customers have a positive perception of digital warehouse services.

Reliability of Online System

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage (%)
Yes	74	69.2%
No	33	30.8%
Total	107	100%

Interpretation

The table shows that 69.2% of respondents believe that the online warehousing system is reliable. Reliability plays a crucial role in influencing customer satisfaction.

Accuracy of Real-Time Information

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage (%)
Yes	80	74.8%
No	27	25.2%
Total	107	100%

Interpretation

A majority of respondents (74.8%) agree that real-time inventory information is accurate. Accurate data enhances customer trust and confidence in digital platforms.

Security of Online Platform

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage (%)
Yes	70	65.4%
No	37	34.6%
Total	107	100%

Interpretation

65.4% of respondents feel that the online warehousing platform is secure. However, 34.6% have concerns regarding data protection, indicating the need for stronger cybersecurity measures.

Responsiveness of Online Warehousing Service

Response	Number of Respondents	Percentage (%)
Yes	72	67.3%
No	35	32.7%
Total	107	100%

Interpretation

From the above table, 67.3% of respondents are satisfied with the responsiveness of online warehousing services, while 32.7% are dissatisfied. This shows that prompt customer support and quick issue resolution positively influence customer satisfaction.

Overall Interpretation

The analysis clearly indicates that most respondents are satisfied with online warehousing services. Factors such as reliability, accuracy of information, security, and responsiveness significantly influence customer satisfaction levels. However, improvements in cybersecurity and system efficiency can further enhance customer trust and loyalty.

Hypotheses

To examine the relationship between digital service quality factors and customer outcomes, the following hypotheses were formulated:

- H1: There is a significant relationship between system reliability and customer satisfaction. This hypothesis tests whether consistent system performance, minimal downtime, and smooth functionality positively influence customer satisfaction levels.
- H2: There is a significant relationship between information accuracy and customer satisfaction. This hypothesis evaluates whether accurate, real-time information (such as inventory status, order tracking, and updates) enhances customer confidence and satisfaction.
- H3: There is a significant relationship between service responsiveness and customer satisfaction. This hypothesis examines whether prompt responses to customer inquiries, complaints, and service requests contribute to higher satisfaction levels.
- H4: There is a significant relationship between data security and customer trust.

This hypothesis analyzes whether strong data protection measures and secure transaction systems build customer trust and long-term loyalty.

Findings of the Study

1. System reliability significantly influences customer satisfaction.
Customers prefer platforms that operate without interruptions, delays, or technical errors. Reliable systems improve user experience and operational performance.
2. Accurate and real-time information enhances customer confidence.
Up-to-date inventory status, tracking systems, and transaction transparency increase trust and reduce uncertainty.
3. User-friendly digital platforms improve accessibility and efficiency.
Simple navigation, clear interfaces, and quick processing times positively impact both operational efficiency and customer satisfaction.
4. Data security remains a major customer concern.
Customers are highly sensitive about personal and transactional data protection. Strong cybersecurity measures directly influence trust.
5. Service responsiveness strengthens long-term relationships.
Quick issue resolution and proactive communication significantly improve customer retention and loyalty.

Recommendations

1. Invest in advanced cybersecurity infrastructure.
Organizations should implement encryption technologies, firewall protection, and regular security audits to safeguard customer data.
2. Regularly upgrade management software systems.
Updating systems ensures improved performance, better integration, and reduced technical failures.
3. Provide continuous technical training to employees.
Training programs enhance staff capability to manage digital systems efficiently and respond to customer concerns effectively.
4. Improve system reliability and uptime.
Organizations should adopt backup systems, cloud-based solutions, and preventive maintenance strategies to minimize disruptions.
5. Enhance customer support services.
24/7 support, live chat options, and faster response mechanisms can significantly improve customer satisfaction and retention.

Conclusion

Customer satisfaction towards online services in warehousing is a critical factor in modern logistics management. Digital transformation has improved operational efficiency, transparency, and service quality. However, technological challenges and cybersecurity risks must be addressed strategically. The study concludes that customer-focused digital innovation is essential for sustainable growth and competitive advantage in the warehousing industry.

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