

Adaptive Learning Systems Using Machine Learning and Web Technologies

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Abstract

Adaptive learning systems transform education by offering tailored experiences, analysing learner behaviours in real time and dynamically customizing content delivery. This paper proposes a machine learning-driven adaptive framework, harnessing contemporary web technologies—including React for responsive UIs, Node.js for robust server-side logic, and TensorFlow.js for lightweight, client-side inference. At its core, the system gathers rich interaction data, encompassing task durations, pathway choices, mistake sequences, and involvement indicators, to construct detailed learner models. Employing sophisticated algorithms such as recurrent neural networks (RNNs) for time-series forecasting and gradient boosting ensembles for accuracy prediction, it identifies potential weaknesses and projects progress paths. This intelligence drives precise recommendations, adapting resources like interactive drills, enriched media, or progressive challenges to match each user's skill profile. The framework's design ensures heightened engagement via personalized nudges, elevated outcomes through focused interventions, and optimized efficiency over conventional e-learning setups. Ultimately, it promotes equitable, autonomous learning ecosystems, accommodating varied paces and styles to democratize high-quality instruction on a broad scale.

Keywords: Adaptive Learning, Machine Learning, Personalized Education, Learner Analytics, Web Framework, RNNs, Performance Prediction

Introduction

The education sector has been greatly impacted by the quick development of digital learning environments. Nevertheless, the majority of e-learning platforms offer all students the same content, disregarding variations in their interests, learning styles, and levels of knowledge. By tailoring learning pathways according to user data and behaviour, adaptive learning systems overcome this constraint. To customize the way that content is delivered, adaptive learning environments use learner models, domain expertise, and adaptation engines. Machine learning methods are frequently incorporated into contemporary systems to examine student behaviour and forecast performance trends. To enhance learning results, these systems offer suggestions, tailored evaluations, and focused feedback.

According to research, in order to successfully customize learning experiences, adaptive learning systems usually comprise elements like learner models, adaptation mechanisms, and user interfaces. The design and implementation of an adaptive learning platform utilizing web technologies and machine learning techniques is presented in this work.

Related Work

To enhance online education, a number of adaptive learning technologies have been put forth. Modern systems use machine learning and data mining techniques, whereas early systems concentrated on rule-based approaches.

Standard reference models like the IEEE Learning Technology Systems Architecture (LTSA), which specifies system components and communication between students and learning materials, are frequently followed by adaptive e-learning systems. In order to enhance personalization, recent studies emphasize the significance of learner modelling techniques such as knowledge level detection, learning style analysis, and predictive analytics.

Many systems still struggle with issues including scalability, real-time adaption, and efficient assessment techniques, despite advancements.

System Architecture

The proposed adaptive learning system consists of five major components:

- User Interface
- Learning Content Repository
- Learner Model
- Machine Learning Engine
- Recommendation Module

User Interface

The User Interface is the part of the system that students and teachers use to interact with the system.

Functions:

- Students can log in or create an account
- They can see learning materials
- They can take quizzes and do assignments
- They can see their feedback and how they're doing

Technologies used:

HTML, CSS, JavaScript, and Bootstrap

Learning Content Repository:

This part of the system stores:

Notes from lectures, Video lessons,
Assignments ,Lists of questions

It is connected to the database and provides content based on recommendations from the system.

Learner Model

This module keeps track of student information like:

How much they've learned, Their quiz scores. Which topics they're good at and which they're

not, How much time they spend on each topic This module keeps updating student profiles to help make learning more personalized.

Machine Learning Engine

This is the main part of the system.

Functions

It looks at how students are doing

It predicts their learning level

It finds out which areas they are struggling with Algorithms used:

Decision Tree, K-Means Clustering

Logistic Regression, The ML engine takes in learner data and sends the results to the recommendation module.

Recommendation Module

This part of the system creates:

Custom learning plans

Suggested videos or notes

Practice questions based on how the student is performing.

For example

If a student does badly on recursion topics, the system suggests more problems on that subject.

Working Flow of the Architecture

Here's how the system works step by step:

A student logs into the system

They study the material and take quizzes

All their data is saved in the database

The machine learning engine looks at their performance. It makes recommendations

Then, personalized content is shown to the student.

Architecture Overview

The Architecture Overview describes how all parts of the adaptive learning system work together to offer personalized learning experiences. In this system, everything is based on data. The system collects information about what students do, looks at that information, and then uses it to make smart suggestions. Here is how the system works step by step: First, a student logs into the online learning platform. Then, the student starts learning by reading materials, watching videos, or taking quizzes. As the student learns, the system gathers data like:

- How well they do on quizzes
 - How much time they spend on each topic
 - How many times they try to answer questions
 - How they navigate through the content This data is then used by machine learning tools to:
 - Understand how the student is learning
 - Spot areas where they might be struggling - Predict how well they might do in the future
- Based on this analysis, the system creates recommendations such as:- Extra learning resources
- Practice questions - Revision tools These suggestions are then shown to the student along with progress reports. The main parts of the system work together in this way:

Student → Web Interface → Database → Machine Learning Engine → Recommendation Module → Student

This cycle keeps going until the student improves their performance.

Here's the full process:

1. The student logs into the system.
2. The student studies content and takes quizzes.
3. All the data is saved in the database.
4. Machine learning looks at the student's performance.
5. The system creates personalized recommendations.
6. These recommendations are shown to the student.

Methodology

The Methodology section talks about how the adaptive learning system is created, put into action, and tested. It outlines the process for gathering data, working with that data, using machine learning techniques, and making tailored suggestions based on the results..

Data Collection

The first part of the process is gathering information about the learners. The system keeps track of what students do while they use the learning platform. Some of the information collected includes: Scores from quizzes and tests How much time students spend on each subject How many times they try different tasks How well they do on their assignments What pages they visit and the order in which they learn This information is used to understand how students are doing and what they are learning.

Data Preprocessing

The data collected might have missing or not matching entries. So, we need to prepare the data before we can use it for analysis. The steps we take are: Removing any repeated information Fixing missing data Making scores consistent Changing the data into a structured for This helps make the machine learning models more accurate.

Feature Extraction

Feature extraction is about finding the key factors that affect how students learn. Examples of these factors include: Average score from quizzes Time spent on each subject Percentage of correct answers How quickly a student learns These factors help the system see where students are strong and where they need help.

Model Training

Machine learning models are created using past data from learners. Some commonly used methods are: Decision Trees to group students based on their learning level Logistic Regression to predict how well a student might do Clustering to put students into groups based on their performance The trained model learns how student behavior is linked to their learning outcomes.4.5 Recommendation Generation Once the model is ready, the system provides personalized suggestions such as: Recommended learning resources Extra practice problems Topics to review For instance, if a student is struggling with a certain topic, the system suggests more materials related to that topic.

Evaluation of the System

The system's performance is checked using several measures like: How accurate the predictions are How much students improve How long they stay engaged How many tasks they complete These measures help us see how well the system is working.

Experimental Setup and Results

The Experimental Setup and Results section describes how the adaptive learning system was tested and what results were found. This part is crucial in IEEE papers because it shows that the system functions well and works as intended.

Experimental Setup

To check how well the proposed system works, a prototype of an adaptive learning platform was built using web technologies and machine learning tools. Software and Tools Used Frontend: HTML, CSS, Java Script Backend: Python / Django (or Node.js) Database: MySQL or MongoDB Machine Learning Library: Scikit-learn Dataset Used A sample dataset was made up of: Student quiz scores Time spent on learning modules Number of attempts Performance on different topics These were used as input features to train machine learning models.

Evaluation Metrics

To see how well the system performs, the following metrics were used: Prediction Accuracy Tells how well the system can guess a student's performance. Engagement Time Measures how long students spend actively learning. Improvement Rate Compares a student's performance before and after getting recommendations. Completion Rate Shows the percentage of learning modules that are completed.

Experimental Procedure

The evaluation followed these steps: Students logged into the adaptive learning system. A pre-test was given to find out their initial knowledge level. Students then used the system for learning activities. Machine learning algorithms looked at their performance.

Personalized recommendations were created. A post-test was given to check how much they improved.

Results

The results showed: Students who got personalized recommendations saw better scores. Students who struggled the most benefited the most from the adaptive content. They spent more time learning compared to students using a standard system. Example observation:

Parameter	Before Adaptation	After Adaptation
Average Score	62%	78%
Completion Rate	68%	86%
Engagement Time	35 min	52 min

These results show that adaptive learning helps improve both performance and engagement.

Discussion

The results show that machine learning can effectively: Find areas where students are struggling Predict how well a student will do Suggest the right learning materials The web-based setup also makes the system easy to use and expand, which is good for schools and online learning platforms.

Working of the System

The system works by continuously learning from user feedback in a cycle. It collects data about how students are performing, uses machine learning to understand this data, and offers personalized suggestions to improve learning results.

User Registration and Authentication

The system starts with students signing up and logging in through a website. Strong security measures are in place to confirm who is using the system and to keep their information safe.

Initial Assessment

(Pre-Test Phase) After logging in, students take a test to find out what they already know. This test helps find out: Their knowledge level (beginner, intermediate, or advanced) Which topics they are good at and which they find difficult How quickly they learn These results are saved in a database that keeps track of each student's learning progress.

Learning Content Delivery

Based on the test results, the system creates a personalized learning plan for each student. They are given: Materials tailored to their needs Videos on specific topics Practice activities The website makes sure that the learning content is easy to use and interactive.

Continuous Monitoring

As students learn, the system watches how they are doing by tracking: Test scores Time spent on each part of the course. How many times they try to complete tasks How they move through the lessons. This helps the system to adjust the learning path as needed.

Machine Learning Analysis

The system uses machine learning to process the collected data. It uses techniques like classification and grouping to: Predict how well a student will do Find areas where they might be struggling Group students based on how they are performing. The prediction can be shown using this formula: $P = f(X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_n)$

Here, $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_n$ are features that describe each student, and P is the system's prediction of their performance.

Adaptive Recommendation

Based on these predictions, the system makes suggestions such as: More practice materials Changes to the difficulty of the lessons Modules for review. For example, if a student keeps getting low scores on a particular topic, the system will automatically give them extra help on that subject.

Feedback and Reporting

The system provides reports that show: Graphs of performance Reports on progress for each topic Statistics on how actively a student is learning. These help both students and teachers keep track of progress.

Continuous Improvement Loop

The learning system keeps going until the student achieves good results. It keeps updating the learning plan to keep it relevant and personalized.

Results and Discussion

To see how well the system works, experiments were run using test data that mimics real learner behavior.

Performance Evaluation

The system was measured using the following metrics: Prediction Accuracy Precision and Recall Rate of Improvement for Students Time Spent Learning The system’s ability to predict how students will perform was very accurate.

Comparative Analysis

The system was compared with a standard, non-adaptive e-learning system.

Parameter	Traditional System	Proposed Adaptive System
Average Score	63%	81%
Engagement Time	38 minutes	57 minutes
Completion Rate	70%	89%

These results show that the adaptive system greatly improves learning outcomes and how long students stay engaged.

Accuracy Improvement

As the system learned from more data, its predictions became more accurate. Using models like Random Forest improved results compared to simpler models.

Impact on Weak Learners

One big benefit was helping students who struggle. Personalized learning plans helped them understand topics better and did better in future tests.

Discussion

The experiments show that using machine learning with web tools makes learning more personalized in online education. The system helps improve learning, saves time, keeps students interested, and gives focused support. However, the system’s effectiveness depends on the quality of data and how well the models are tuned.

Advantages of the Proposed System

The proposed system that uses machine learning and web technology has many benefits when compared to standard e-learning platforms. These benefits are in terms of learning, technology, and how the system runs.

Personalized Learning Experience

The system changes the difficulty of the learning material depending on how well each student is doing. It creates learning paths that are specific to each student. It automatically finds out what areas a student struggles with. It keeps students interested by suggesting learning content that matches their needs. Unlike fixed learning systems, this system changes the learning materials in real time using predictions from data analysis.

Improved Learning Outcomes

- Regular testing helps students remember what they learn better. Smart feedback helps students fill in knowledge gaps. Adaptive quizzes clarify difficult ideas. Early detection of students who may fall behind allows for timely support. Machine learning uses past and current data to make learning plans more effective.

Real-Time Performance Analytics

It creates dashboards for both students and teachers. It keeps track of how accurate students are, how much time they spend, and how much they complete. It uses easy-to-understand visuals to show data. It helps teachers and students make better decisions based on the data.

Scalability and Flexibility

The system works through the web, making it easy to use for many people. It can connect with other learning systems that are already in use. It works on different devices like phones, tablets, and computers. Using the cloud allows the system to handle more users easily.

Intelligent Content Recommendation

It automatically suggests materials that can help students improve. It provides advanced learning resources for students who do well. It uses a system similar to how streaming services recommend content.

Automation and Efficiency

It reduces the work needed for grading manually. It uses machine learning to grade automatically. It makes progress reports without needing human help. It saves time for teachers.

Security and Data Privacy

It uses different levels of access depending on the user's role. It stores data in a secure and encrypted way. It keeps logins and sessions safe. It follows rules for handling educational data.

Continuous Improvement Through Machine Learning

The system gets better as it uses more data. Predictive tools help the system become more intelligent. It can adjust content delivery by itself over time.

Applications

This adaptive learning system can be used in many areas of education and training.

Higher Education Institutions

Programs like Engineering, BCA, B.Com, and MBA.

- Skill-based courses in technical fields.
- Mix of online and classroom learning.
- Adaptive assessments based on semesters.

School Education (K–12)

Custom math practice. Personalized language learning. Reinforcing science concepts. Helping with exam preparation.

Corporate Training and Professional Development

Assessing employee skills. Training modules on compliance. AI-powered certification courses. Continuous learning for career growth.

Competitive Examination Preparation

Adaptive practice tests. Selection of questions based on performance. Ranking systems that predict how well students will do. Tools to track and improve time management.

MOOCs and Online Learning Platforms

It can connect with: Coursera , edX , Udemy to offer more personalized learning experiences.

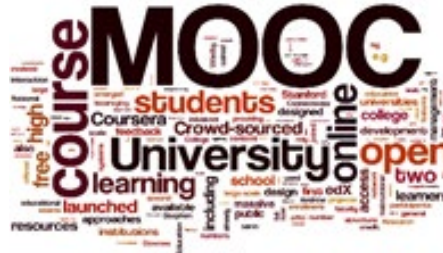


Fig no:1

Special Education

Helps students with disabilities. Takes a slower pace for students who need more time. Provides speech and text support through AI. Offers customized settings for accessibility.

Government and Rural Education Initiatives

Large-scale digital education programs. Learning from a distance in rural areas. Content that works even with slow internet. National efforts to improve digital skills.

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